

**Ph.D. Candidacy Exam – Classical Mechanics – Spring 2012**  
**Physics Department – Kent State University**

1. (25 points) A rocket of initial mass  $m_0$  is travelling upwards with the gravitational field being constant with height. It expels downwards a gaseous mass per unit time,  $a=\Delta m/\Delta t$ , with constant speed  $v_0$  relative to the rocket. Find the speed  $v$  and the height  $h$  of the rocket as a function of time.
2. (25 points) In a relativistic elastic collision a particle of light mass  $m_1$  and momentum of magnitude  $p_1$ , collides with a stationary particle of light mass  $m_2$ . The target particle is observed to recoil with a momentum of magnitude  $p_2$ . Find the angle  $\varphi$  between the direction of the incident (projectile) and the recoil particle. Simplify your answer in the case where the collision is ultra-relativistic.
3. a. (5 points) A monkey rests on a horizontal table. If the table is accelerated in a horizontal direction, under what conditions will the monkey start slipping?  
b. (15 points) Another monkey crawls outward with constant speed  $v$  along a radius of a horizontal, disk-shaped platform. The platform rotates with a constant angular speed  $\omega$  about its vertical axis. How far can this monkey move before it starts to slip?
4. A frictionless straight wire of length  $L$  is attached at a fixed point  $A$  with a fixed angle  $\vartheta$  as shown in the figure. The wire is threaded through a bead of mass  $m$ , so that the bead is constrained to move along the wire. The wire rotates with constant angular speed  $\omega$  about the vertical axis.
  - a. (25 points) Determine, using Lagrangian dynamics, the position  $r$  of the bead as a function of time.
  - b. (5 points) Assuming that the bead starts from rest at  $A$ , how long will it take to reach the end  $B$  of the wire?

